<u>Semicolons and Colons</u>

	There are two main uses for semicolons:
Semicolons ;	 Joining two or more complete sentences that are not joined by a conjunction (connecting word). Semicolons can help emphasize the relationship between the two sentences and make it sounds less choppy. Ex: I went to the shoe store today because there was a big sale; I walked out with five pairs of shoes!
	2. Separating items in a list when some of those items already contain
	 commas. Ex: Some of Jesus' disciples included Peter, a fisherman; Matthew, a tax collector; and Judas Iscariot, who ultimately betrayed Jesus.
	Colons often introduce an elaboration or present an idea. They may also introduce a list.
	1. Connect two complete sentences when the second sentence summarizes or elaborates on the first.
Colons	 Ex: Apple is one of the most profitable companies in the world: it is worth \$99.8 billion.
:	 2. To introduce or draw attention to a list, quotation, or example. Ex: I am going to Target to buy some school supplies: pens, pencils, binders, notebook paper, and a calculator. In the movie <i>Forrest Gump</i>, Forrest says this memorable quote: "Life is
	 like a box of chocolates. You never know what you're gonna get." Being captain of the baseball team taught me two important things: leadership skills and communication skills.

Relevant Resources

Modern Language Association. *MLA Handbook*. 9th ed., The Modern Language Association of America, 2021.

Purdue University. "Brief Overview of Punctuation." *Purdue Online Writing Lab,* 2022, owl.purdue.edu/owl/general_writing/punctuation/punctuation/index.html.

University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. "Semicolons, Colons, and Dashes." *The Writing Center,* 2023, writingcenter.unc.edu/tips-and-tools/semi-colons-colons-and-dashes/